

Ramucirumab 8 / Paclitaxel 80, adenocarcinoma esophagogastric junction and stomach

Protocol-ID: 327 V1.2 (Standard), RAMU8/PACL80, AEG/Gastric Ca

Indication(s)

• Gastric Cancer; ICD-10 C16.-, C16.0

• Esophageal Cancer; ICD-10 C15.-

Adenocarcinoma of the esophagogastric junction (AEG)

Protocol classification

· Classification: alternative

· Intensity: Standard dose

· Therapy mode: Second line

· Therapy intention: palliative

Cycles

Cycle length 28 days, recommended cycles: 5

Protocol sequences

 ARMANI: CAPOX (CAPE1000/OXAL130), AEG/Gastric Ca (PID2933) or mFOLFOX-6 (OXAL85/CFOL400/FU2400), AEG/Gastric Ca (PID2939) -|- RAMU8/PACL80, AEG/Gastric Ca (PID327)

Risks

- Emetogenicity (MASCC/ESMO): low (10-30%)
- Neutropenia: high (21-40%)
- Febrile Neutropenia: low (<10%)
- Thrombocytopenia below 50 000/µl: low (<10%)
- Anemia Hb below 8g/dl: moderate (6-15%)
- Hypertension: CTC AE °1-2: 10%; °3-4: 14%
- Proteinuria: CTC AE °1-2: 15%; °3-4: 1%
- Fatigue: CTC AE °1-2: 45%; °3-4: 12%
- Infusion Reaction: CTC AE °1-2: 5%; °3-4: 1%
- Hemorrhage: CTC AE °1-2: 38%; °3-4: 5%
- Neuropathy: CTC AE °1-2: 38%; °3-4: 8%

Therapy

Hydration: Balanced Crystalloid Solution							HYD
Access: peripheral venous							
Hydration before, during, or after antitumor therapy							
Day	Substance	Dosage	Solution	Appl.	Inf. time	Procedure	
1,15	Balanced Crystalloid Solution	500 ml		i.v.	60 min	60 min before Ramucirumab (d1,15)	

Allergy prophylaxis: Paclitaxel

Dexamethasone, dimetinden maleate, cimetidine

Access: peripheral venous

Day	Substance	Dosage	Solution	Appl.	Inf. time	Procedure
1,15	Dexamethasone	20 mg	NaCl 0.9% 50 ml	i.v.	5 min	30 min before Ramucirumab (d1,15)
8	Dexamethasone	20 mg	NaCl 0.9% 50 ml	i.v.	5 min	30 min before Paclitaxel (d8)
1,15	Dimetinden	4 mg	NaCl 0.9% 50 ml	i.v.	5 min	30 min before Ramucirumab (d1,15)
8	Dimetinden	4 mg	NaCl 0.9% 50 ml	i.v.	5 min	30 min before Paclitaxel (d8)
1,15	Cimetidine	300 mg	NaCl 0.9% 50 ml	i.v.	5 min	30 min before Ramucirumab (d1,15)
8	Cimetidine	300 mg	NaCl 0.9% 50 ml	i.v.	5 min	30 min before Paclitaxel (d8)

Antineoplastic therapy: RAMU8/PACL80	ANTX
Access: peripheral venous	

Ramucirumab/paclitaxel in advanced adeno-Ca of the stomach and adenco-Ca of the gastroesophageal junction.

Day	Substance	Dosage	Solution	Appl.	Inf. time	Procedure			
1,15	Ramucirumab	8 mg/kg bw	NaCl 0.9% 250 ml	i.v.	60 min	Sequence			
Maximum infusion rate 25 mg/min.									
1,8,15	Paclitaxel	80 mg/m ² BSA	NaCl 0.9% 250 ml	i.v.	60 min	Sequence			

Substance links

Links to substances are found here.

Concomitant therapy supplements

Dexamethasone for antiemesis and Ramucirumab allergy prophylaxis are covered by Paclitaxel allergy prophylaxis. For infusion reactions, see the respective summary of product characteristics.

Notes

Therapy is continued until progression or the occurrence of unacceptable side effects. In the study, a median of 4.5 cycles were administered (range 2.5-8).

Controls:

- Blood count: on day 1 and subsequently weekly
- ECG Risk of developing a conduction disorder during paclitaxel therapy, ECG monitoring every 3 cycles.
- Day 1: GOT, GPT, GGT, Bilirubin, AP, Cholinesterase Liver function monitoring before and during paclitaxel therapy, Ramucirumab: liver function monitoring before therapy.
- Day 1: Blood pressure Ramucirumab: continuous monitoring before and during therapy
- Day 1: Urine protein excretion Ramucirumab: risk of proteinuria during therapy

Original author

Wilke H (2014)

Origin

Abteilung für Onkologie/Hämatologie, Kliniken Essen-Mitte, Deutschland, RAINBOW Study Group, RAINBOW Studie

References

- Wilke H, Ramucirumab plus paclitaxel versus placebo plus paclitaxel in patients with previously treated advanced gastric or gastro-oesophageal junction adenocarcinoma (RAINBOW): a double-blind, randomised phase 3 trial. Lancet Oncol 2014 Oct;15(11):1224-35. doi: 10.1016/S1470-2045(14)70420-6. PMID: 25240821. [PMID]
- Randon G, Ramucirumab plus paclitaxel as switch maintenance versus continuation of first-line oxaliplatin-based

RAMU8/PACL80. AEG/Gastric Ca PID 327 V1.2

chemotherapy in patients with advanced HER2-negative gastric or gastro-oesophageal junction cancer (ARMANI): a randomised, open-label, multicentre, phase 3 trial. Lancet Oncol 2024 Dec;25(12):1539-1550. doi: 10.1016/S1470-2045(24)00580-1. PMID: 39557058. [PMID]

Recommendations

• 09/2016: European Society for Medical Oncology

• 06/2021: National Comprehensive Cancer Network

Important notice

The copyrighted protocols are treatment recommendations. The information contained in this compilation on cytostatic drugs, concomitant medication and other therapeutic procedures, as well as dosage and application information, is continuously reviewed with all due care by the authors and editors involved. Nevertheless, the publishers and authors do not assume any liability for the correctness - also with regard to possible printing errors.

The protocols may not be changed in terms of content. Any further use of the protocols in physical or non-physical form, such as copying, distribution, disclosure, export to other media, or publication, even in excerpt form, is not permitted.

Diagnosis, indication for therapy and treatment of malignant diseases must be carried out in each individual case by the hematologist and oncologist on his or her own responsibility. The treating physician is obligated to this personal responsibility to weigh in each case before a diagnostic or therapeutic measure, indication, contraindications, dosage and application under consideration of the specialized information or other documents of the manufacturers. This applies in particular to rarely used preparations or preparations that are new to the market.



The publishers and authors assume no liability for the accuracy of the contents. The application is at the own responsibility of the treating physician. ©Onkopti.